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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,223	03/23/2004	Srivatsa Krishnaswamy	200300248-1	5027
22879 7590 04/02/2008 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			EXAMINER	
			PANTOLIANO JR, RICHARD	
	FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2194	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/02/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/808,223	KRISHNASWAMY ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	RICHARD PANTOLIANO JR	2194					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Ja</u>	nuary 2008						
·	<del>-</del>						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims	,,,,,,,, .						
· <u> </u>	nnlication						
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 and 11-26 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> </ul>							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6, and 11-26</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers	·						
· · · <u> </u>							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		,					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	animer. Note the attached Office	Action of format 10-102.					
<u> </u>							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
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Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application					

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Amendment

1. This Office Action is filed in response to amendments filed on **07 January 2008** in regard to Application# **10/808,223**. **Claims 7-10** were cancelled by the amendment and **Claims 1-6 and 11-26** are currently pending and have been considered below.

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to **Claim 1-6 and 11-26** have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Claim Objections

3. **Claim 16** is objected to because of the following informalities: line 2, "receive" should be "received". Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. **Claim 1-6 and 11-26** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sandhu et al (US Pat: 6,347,307), hereinafter <u>Sandhu</u>, in view of Knight et al (US PGPub; 2004/0083453), hereinafter <u>Knight</u>.

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6. As to **Claim 1**, <u>Sandhu</u> discloses the invention substantially as claimed including the method of data object transformation between a middleware and a application, the method comprising:

- a) receiving a message from a messaging middleware by a data transformation adapter, the message including one or more data objects of a first object type, wherein the message is in a first communications format (col. 36, lines 26-40) (The Connect Automated Processor receives the messages from the messaging middleware);
- b) converting by the data transformation adapter the message from the first communications format to a second communications format (Col. 48, lines 23-28) (The Connect Automated Processor converts the message to allow it to be sent over an HTTP/IP connection);
- c) converting by the transformation adapter the one or more data objects from the first object type to a second object type using mapping rules including eXtensible Markup Language (XML) based syntax that used rule specification guide to facilitate transforming the one or more data objects from the first object type to the second object type (Col. 48, line 62 Col. 50, line 56) (The Connect Automated Processor converts the Java object to a generic DOM object, then applies XML Stylesheet Transformations (XSLT) to the DOM object to convert it to the FinXML document used by the CFOWeb System); and
- d) transmitting by the data transformation adapter the converted one or more second object type data objects to an application (Col. 48, lines 23-28).

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7. Sandhu does not explicitly teach wherein the one or more data objects are converted using a first set of one or more transformation classes, the one or more transformation classes being configured to transform the one or more data objects from the first object type to the second object type, each of the one or more transformation classes generated using mapping rules.

- 8. <u>Knight</u> explicitly teaches generating transformation classes ("transformer object") based on retrieved XSLT documents containing mapping rules (para. [0012], [0081], [0101] and Fig. 13).
- 9. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the teachings of <u>Sandhu</u> with the teachings of <u>Knight</u>. One would have been motivated by the modularity offered by allowing for changes to be made in how messages are transformed without having to recompile and rebuild the entire software product being used (<u>Knight</u>: para. [0012]). This allows for the transformation classes to be dynamically generated and utilized as necessary, thereby allowing one to make changes as to how the transformation from one object type to another is performed without requiring the entire application to be taken offline and recompiled.
- 10. As to Claim 2, Sandhu further teaches wherein the first communications format includes a middleware-dependent format, and the second communications format includes a middleware-independent format (col. 36, lines 26-40 and Col. 48, lines 23-28) (The Connect Automated Processor receives the client request message in the form

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of XML streams. The Connector processor then transmits the message to the CFOWeb System in the form of an HTTP/IP request).

- 11. As to Claim 3, Sandhu further teaches wherein each of the one or more data objects includes a Java object (Col. 35, lines 40-49).
- 12. As to Claim 4, Sandhu further teaches wherein the first object type includes a domain object model type and the second object type includes an application-specific object model type (Col. 48, line 62 Col. 50, line 56) (The Connect Automated Processor converts the Java object to a generic DOM object, then applies XML Stylesheet Transformations (XSLT) to the DOM object to convert it to the FinXML document used by the CFOWeb System).
- 13. As to **Claim 5**, Sandhu further teaches:
- a) registering the application with the messaging middleware (col. 36, lines 26-40); and
  - b) transmitting high-level function calls to the application (col. 37, lines 5-16);
- 14. As to **Claim 6**, <u>Sandhu</u> further teaches:
- a) receiving a second message from the application, the second message including one or more data objects of the second object type (Col. 51, lines 4-9);

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b) converting the one or more data objects from the second object type to the first object type, wherein the one or more data objects are converted using a second set of one or more of the transformation classes (Col. 52, lines 13-21);

- c) generating a communications line dependent message, the communications line dependent message including the converted one or more first object type data objects (Col. 52, lines 38-46); and
- d) transmitting the communications line dependent message to the messaging middleware (Col. 52, lines 38-46).
- 15. As to **Claim 11**, <u>Sandhu</u> discloses the invention substantially as claimed including a data transformation adapter having program instructions stored in memory, the program instructions comprising:
- a) generating a first object model and a second object model, the first object model including a plurality of data objects of a first object type, and the second object model including a plurality of data objects of a second object type (Col. 49, lines 39-55 and Col. 51, lines 31-45) (The FinScripts contain the complete object models of the XML DOM used by the client systems and the FinXML used by the CFOWeb System, as well as the mapping from the first to the second object model);
- b) storing the first and second object models in one or more memories (para. [0033], [0039]-[0047]);
- c) generating transformation mapping rules, the mapping rules including eXtensible Markup Language (XML) based syntax that uses rule specification guides to

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facilitate transforming the one or more data objects from the first object type to the second object type (Col. 49, lines 39-55 and Col. 51, lines 31-45);

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- d) receiving one or more data objects format (para. [0033]) (The receiving a the java class to convert to a distributed object meets this limitation);
- e) converting the received one or more data objects, via the transformation classes:
  - (1) from the first object type to the second object type (Col. 48, lines 23-28); or
  - (2) from the second object type to the first object type; andf) transmitting the converted one or more data objects (Col. 48, lines 23-28).
- 16. <u>Sandhu</u> does not explicitly teach generating a plurality of transformation classes using the first and second object models and the transformation mapping rules, the one or more transformation classes being configured to transform the one or more data objects from the first object type to the second object type
- 17. <u>Knight</u> explicitly teaches generating transformation classes ("transformer object") based on retrieved XSLT documents containing mapping rules that map from a first object type to a second object type (para. [0012], [0081], [0101] and Fig. 13).
- 18. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the teachings of <u>Sandhu</u> with the teachings of <u>Knight</u>. One would have been motivated by the modularity offered by allowing for changes to be made in how messages are transformed without having to recompile and rebuild the entire software product being used (Knight: para. [0012]). This allows for the transformation

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classes to be dynamically generated and utilized as necessary, thereby allowing one to make changes as to how the transformation from one object type to another is performed without requiring the entire application to be taken offline and recompiled.

- 19. As to **Claim 12**, this claim is rejected for the same reasoning as provided for **Claim 3**.
- 20. As to **Claims 13 and 14**, this claim is rejected for the same reasoning as provided for **Claim 4**.
- 21. As to **Claim 15**, <u>Sandhu</u> further teaches wherein the one or more data objects are received from a messaging middleware (Col. 36, lines 6-25).
- 22. As to **Claim 16**, <u>Sandhu</u> further teaches wherein the one or more data objects are received from an application, the application being coupled to a messaging middleware (Col. 36, lines 6-25).
- 23. As to Claims 17-21, being directed to the system with one or more processors, one or more memories, coupled to that processor, and a data transformation adapter implementing the method of Claims 1-4 and 6, these claims are rejected for the same reasoning as applied to Claims 1-4 and 6.

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24. As to **Claim 22**, <u>Sandhu</u> teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a system for data object transformation, the system comprising:

- a) a communications line (Col. 36, lines 6-25);
- b) a transformation adapter coupled to the communications line, the transformation adapter including:
  - i) an assembly/disassembly layer configured to convert messages from a first communications format to a second communications format (Col. 36, lines 26-46 and Fig. 7, item 1090);
  - ii) a transformation layer configured to convert data objects from a first object type to a second object type (Col. 36, lines 26-46 and Fig. 7, item 1070); and
    - iii) a method invocation layer (Col. 36, lines 26-46 and Fig. 7, item 1070);
- c) mapping rules wherein the mapping rules including eXtensible Markup

  Language (XML) based syntax that uses rule specification guides to facilitate

  transforming the one or more data objects from the first object type to the second object

  type (Col. 49, lines 39-55 and Col. 51, lines 31-45); and
- d) an application coupled to the transformation adapter, wherein the application transmits data to and receives data from the method invocation layer (Col. 36, lines 6-25).
- 25. <u>Sandhu</u> does not explicitly teach wherein the transformation layer uses transformation classes or the use of a transformation class generator configured to generate the one or more transformation classes using transformation mapping rules.

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26. <u>Knight</u> explicitly teaches a generator for generating transformation classes ("transformer object") based on retrieved XSLT documents containing mapping rules that map from a first object type to a second object type (para. [0012], [0081], [0101] and Fig. 13).

- 27. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the teachings of <u>Sandhu</u> with the teachings of <u>Knight</u>. One would have been motivated by the modularity offered by allowing for changes to be made in how messages are transformed without having to recompile and rebuild the entire software product being used (<u>Knight</u>: para. [0012]). This allows for the transformation classes to be dynamically generated and utilized as necessary, thereby allowing one to make changes as to how the transformation from one object type to another is performed without requiring the entire application to be taken offline and recompiled.
- 28. Claims 23-25, these claims are rejected for the same reasoning as applied to Claims 2-4, respectively.
- 29. As to Claim 26, being directed to the apparatus comprising means for implementing the data transformation adapter of Claim 11, this claim is rejected for the same reasoning as applied to Claim 11.

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#### Conclusion

- 30. Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers and/or figures in the references as applied to the claims for the convenience of the applicant. Applicant is reminded that rejections are based on references as a whole and not just the cited passages. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the cited art or disclosed by the examiner.
- 31. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 32. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard Pantoliano, Jr. whose telephone number is (571)270-1049 and whose direct fax number is (571) 270-2049. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 8am – 4pm EST. Please note that a request for an interview in regard to the present application should be accompanied by a written agenda (*including proposed amendments*, if available, and *specific issues* to be discussed) sent to the fax number cited above.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng An can be reached on (571)272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RP 03/26/2008 Richard Pantoliano, Jr. Examiner Art Unit 2194

/Li B. Zhen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2194